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URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH



ANNUAL REPORT  
of the  
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
for the year  
1963.

Including the Report of the  
Public Health Inspector.



URBAN DISTRICT OF BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL JUNE 1963 - MAY 1964

Chairman: Councillor Mrs. H.D. Robinson, J.P.

Councillor	F.C. Brown
"	J. Dowding
"	Brig. E.H. Grant
"	C.E. Jefferies
"	S.J. Langrish
"	F.J. Nethercoat
"	D. Saunders
"	Mrs. V.A. Williams

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

Medical Officer of Health:

T.D. Blott, B.Sc., M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector:

J.C. Angus, M.A.P.H.I.

Clerk:

Mrs. E.M. Rezelman.

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Borough of Maldon & Maldon Port Health Authority  
Urban District of Burnham-on-Crouch  
Rural Districts of Chelmsford & Maldon

*With the Compliments  
of the  
Medical Officer of Health*

COUNCIL OFFICES  
WANTZ ROAD  
MALDON



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To the Chairman and Members of the  
Burnham-on-Crouch Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my tenth Annual Report  
on the state of the District during the year 1963.

I can again report that the health of the District has  
been good.

Complaints as to rural drainage have been received  
during the year, the short term solution of which has proved  
very difficult, but the Council's long term programme of  
extensive sewerage of outlying areas can be expected to  
relieve the sources of complaint.

Progress has been made with the modernisation of the  
toilet facilities in the town, and last but not least, the  
mental health of the town must have been improved by the  
general layout of the High Street and alterations to a large  
number of private premises.

Mr. Angus, your Public Health Inspector, has given me  
willing help throughout the year and I would like to thank  
the other officers for their help and co-operation.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

T.D. Blott,

Medical Officer of Health.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

(The figures in brackets refer to 1962)

Area		5,525 acres
Population - Registrar General's estimate for mid year		4,200
Rateable value at 1st April 1963		£141,397
Product of a penny rate at 1st April 1963		£570
Live Births: Number	60	(76)
Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population	14.28	(18.18)
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births	5.00	(5.26)
Still Births: Number	Nil	(Nil)
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 live and still births	Nil	(Nil)
Total live and still births	50	(76)
Infant Deaths - (Deaths under 1 year)	1	(2)
Infant Mortality Rates		
Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	16.66	(26.31)
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	17.54	(27.77)
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Nil	(Nil)
Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)	16.66	(13.15)
Early Neo-Natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	16.66	(13.15)
Perinatal Mortality Rate (still births and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births)	16.66	(13.15)
Maternal deaths (including abortion)	Nil	(Nil)
Maternal Mortality Rate per 1,000 live and still births	Nil	(Nil)
Deaths:- Male 22	Crude death rate per 1,000 of estimated resident population	
Female 26		
Total 48		
	11.42	(15.78)
Registrar General Comparability Factor of	Births Deaths	
	1.25	(1.18)
	0.76	(0.79)
Corrected Death Rate	8.67	(12.46)
Death Rate for England & Wales	12.2	(11.9)
Number of deaths under 1 year of age	1	(2)
Number of deaths under 4 weeks of age	1	(1)
Number of deaths under 1 week of age	1	(1)



TABULAR STATEMENT OF CAUSES OF DEATH

(The figures in brackets refer to 1962)

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis, respiratory	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Tuberculosis, other	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Syphilitic Disease	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Diphtheria	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Whooping Cough	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Meningococcal infections	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Acute Poliomyelitis	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Measles	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Other infective and parasitic diseases	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Malignant Neoplasm, stomach	1 (-)	1 (-)	2 (-)
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	1 (3)	1 (1)	2 (4)
Malignant neoplasm, breast	- (-)	1 (3)	1 (3)
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	- (-)	1 (-)	1 (-)
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	1 (3)	1 (3)	2 (6)
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Diabetes	- (1)	- (-)	- (1)
Vascular lesions of nervous system	1 (5)	7 (7)	8 (12)
Coronary disease, angina	4 (10)	3 (2)	7 (12)
Hypertension with heart disease	- (-)	1 (-)	1 (-)
Other heart disease	2 (-)	2 (8)	4 (8)
Other circulatory disease	2 (1)	2 (3)	4 (4)
Influenza	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Pneumonia	2 (4)	3 (3)	5 (7)
Bronchitis	3 (-)	- (-)	3 (-)
Other diseases of the respiratory system	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Nephritis and nephrosis	- (1)	- (-)	- (1)
Hyperplasia of prostate	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Congenital malformations	1 (-)	- (-)	1 (-)
Other defined and ill defined diseases	4 (2)	2 (2)	6 (4)
Motor vehicle accidents	- (-)	- (2)	- (2)
All other accidents	- (-)	1 (2)	1 (2)
Suicide	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
Homicide and operations of war	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	22 (30)	26 (36)	48 (66)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Tabular statement of deaths classified according to ages:-

<u>Age</u>	<u>Number of Deaths</u>
Under 1	1
5 and under 25	-
25 " " 35	-
35 " " 45	-
45 " " 55	1
55 " " 65	8
65 " " 75	9
75 and over	29

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OTHER THAN TUBERCULOSIS

Whooping Cough - 15	Erysipelas - 3
Measles - 10	Acute Pneumonia - 2
Scarlet Fever - 1	Dysentery - 1

TUBERCULOSIS -NEW CASES AND MORTALITY

No new cases of Tuberculosis were notified and there were no deaths from this disease.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES  
(PROVIDED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL)

Every Monday and Thursday.	School Dental Service.
Each Tuesday morning.	Speech Therapy.
1st and 3rd Tuesday afternoons in each month.	Ante Natal Relaxation Classes.
1st Monday afternoon in each month.	Ophthalmic Clinic.
Each Wednesday morning.	Chiropodist for aged persons.
Each Thursday	Chiropodist for aged persons.
Each Friday afternoon.	Child Welfare Clinic.
4th Friday morning in each month.	School Clinic.

All the above are held at the Essex County Council Clinic,  
Crouch Road.

To the Chairman and Members of the  
Burnham-on-Crouch Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting the record of my  
Department's work for 1963.

In retrospect, the severe winter necessitated much  
of my time being devoted to Council House management and  
maintenance during the earlier part of the year.

My thanks are offered to the Members of the Council  
and my fellow Officers for their continued co-operation and  
assistance. To my staff I acknowledge my indebtedness for  
their generous and unfailing efforts.

I have the honour to be, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

J.C. Angus,

Public Health Inspector.

### Water Supply

The water supply for this district is provided by the Urban District Council and is obtained from 2 deep bores at the Council Waterworks, Southminster Road. In addition to the deep bores there are four Abyssinian Tubes which have in recent years only been used during prolonged dry periods but, due to the ever increasing demand for water for domestic and dietetic purposes, these Tubes are now in use some 8 months in the year. There remains a need for suitable and sufficient water storage facilities.

In order to check purity the following routine water samples were taken from public and private supplies during the year:-

Borehole No. 2 - 12 bacteriological and 2 chemical samples.  
Holst Tower - 12 bacteriological samples.  
Private Wells - 4 bacteriological samples.

The results of these samples were satisfactory and show the waters to be wholesome.

### Factories

In terms of the Factories Act 1961 there are 48 premises registered in this district. No serious contraventions of the Act were found during routine visits of inspection to factories. As required by the Ministry of Health Appendix I to this report sets out the prescribed particulars on the administration of this 1961 Act.

### Houseboats and Jetties

The Essex County Council Act 1952 requires the owners of houseboats to make application to the Local Authority for consent to moor houseboats and for the erection of jetties. At the end of the year this Council had authorised and given their consent to a total of 13 houseboats, 8 of which have jetties. This total remains the same as last year. It is evident that the respective owners of these vessels maintain them in good condition and decorative appearance.

One unauthorised houseboat remains moored in this district. It has been impossible to trace or locate its true owner, and as the vessel is now in a derelict condition the necessary official procedure was being taken at the close of the year to have the vessel removed and to have the surface of the ground restored.

### Caravans and Camping Sites

The total number of caravan sites in this district is 3. Two of these are privately owned and one is owned and operated by the Urban District Council. Minor road repairs and improvements were carried out to the Council owned site, and minor repairs were requested at one of the other sites during the course of the year. 14 visits of inspection were made to the sites.



### Caravans and Camping Sites (Contd.)

In June 1963 work commenced on the construction of new sanitary accommodation in the Council owned Playing Fields. On completion these conveniences will prove a boon to the many campers who frequent the camping area during holiday periods.

### Rodent Control

The following table gives details of the inspections made and action taken at premises under the Prevention of Damage by Pests Act 1949.

	Type of Property				
	Local Authority (1)	Dwelling Houses (including Council Houses) (2)	All other (including Business Premises) (3)	Total of Cols. (1) & (3) (4)	Agri-cultural (5)
1. No. of properties in Local Authority's District	5	1507	286	1798	27
2. No. of properties inspected as a result of:					
(a) Notification	-	45	4	49	-
(b) Survey	5	26	26	57	3 (Allot.)
(c) Otherwise	-	-	-	-	-
3. Total inspections including re-inspections	634	618	132	1384	155

The practical work connected with rodent control is carried out by a part time Operator who works under the direction of the Public Health Inspector. The Department is able to give prompt and regular attention to all complaints of infestation and to any infestation found as a result of survey.

During 1963 a total of 63 properties were treated for rodent infestation. 59 of these properties were found to be rat infested and in 4 cases mice were detected. All of these occurrences were of a minor nature but in several instances rat proofing measures were undertaken by property owners.

Maldon Rural District Council continue operating a rodent control service to certain farms in this area, and have contracts by which they visit each farm at least four times per year.

### Shops

27 inspections were made during the year under the Delegated Powers of the Shops Act 1950.

## HOUSING

At the end of 1963, and since their introduction by Act of Parliament 4 years ago, this Council had approved 69 applications for Standard Improvement Grants from owners of houses constructed pre 1945. A total of 45 of these improvements were satisfactorily completed by the 31st December. Throughout these 45 dwellings - 32 internal water closets,

43 baths in bathrooms,  
44 wash-hand basins,  
45 hot water systems, and  
28 food larders

have been provided.

I am pleased to record that there was a considerable increase over last year in the number of Standard Grant applications received from owner occupiers, but unfortunately applications on behalf of tenanted dwellings did not show a corresponding increase. During the year several tenants residing in private properties requested the Department's help to have their landlords modernise their houses. Each request was conveyed to the respective property owner who declined to carry out any improvements. It is evident that tenanted houses form the hard core of the problem and unless compulsory powers are given to Local Authorities many sub standard but otherwise substantial dwelling houses in this district will remain without the basic facilities for modern living.

The number of Standard Grant applications approved during 1963 totalled 27. Of this total 23 were from owner occupiers and only 4 concerned tenanted houses.

This Authority considered the Discretionary Improvement Grant schemes during the year and 5 applications were approved. Four of these house improvements were completed before the end of the year, and work commenced on the fifth dwelling to provide by conversion two self contained modern equipped houses. These grants allow owners to bring their properties entirely up to present day standards thus giving their houses a great many more years of serviceable life.

128 visits of inspection were made during the year in connection with Improvement Grant schemes.

In accordance with the provisions of the Housing Act 1957 and the Ministry of Housing & Local Government 1962 circular relating to unfit houses and the improvement of houses respectively, a start was made on a general housing survey towards the end of the year to ascertain the standard of fitness of all dwelling houses and the availability of modern amenities and services. This information will prove to be of great value in dealing with the problem of old properties.

No applications were received for Certificates of Disrepair under the Rent Act of 1957.

### Statistics

Number of dwellings erected during the year

( i ) By the Local Authority	-	
(ii) By Private Enterprise:-		
Flats	19	
Houses	<u>9</u>	<u>28</u>
		28
		<u>==</u>

No houses were the subject of Closing or Demolition Orders and therefore there were no persons or families displaced during the year.

<u>Unfit Houses made fit and Houses in which defects were remedied</u>	<u>By Owner</u>	<u>By Local Authority</u>
After informal action by Local Authority	10	-
After Formal Notice		
(a) Public Health Act	4	-
(b) Housing Act 1957	-	-
(c) Under Section 24 Housing Act 1957	-	-

### Summary of Notices Served during 1963

#### Statutory Notices Served

Public Health Act 1936                      4

#### Statutory Notices complied with

Public Health Act                              4

#### Informal Notices served under the Housing, Public Health, Food & Drugs, Factories, Prevention of Damage by Pests and other Acts

Notices served                                  23

Notices complied with                          15

#### Petroleum Regulations

During the year 10 licences were renewed under the Petroleum Acts and Regulations to the occupiers of premises for the storage of petroleum spirit. 16 visits were carried out in connection with these Regulations.

### FOOD HYGIENE

For a great many years medical science has had to deal with the problem of illnesses due to contaminated or infected foods and, in particular, the causes and cures. Bacteriological advances have established both and have prescribed the means of prevention and control which are defined in Regulations in relatively simple terms. The Clean Food Regulations, as they are commonly called, primarily state the basic requirements for personal cleanliness and habits to be observed and practised by persons engaged in the handling of food. Unless food handlers are conversant with these basic rules and principles of hygiene, and abide by them rigorously, the entire clean food system could and would collapse. Any food worker who is careless and neglects elementary personal hygiene can infect food and cause suffering to those who consume it. Infected foods are unaltered in appearance and neither taste nor arouse suspicion.



It is fitting to record that several local food premises continue to be improved and their progressive owners or occupiers have to be congratulated. Improvements however major or minor are always desirable.

The following types of food business were carried on in the district at 61 premises.

Ice Cream	25	Milk Distributors	8
Grocery Provisions, Bread, Confectionery, etc.	28	Dairies	1
Greengrocery and Fruit	6	Bakehouses	2
Wet Fish	3		
Fried Fish	1		
Hotel, Restaurants, Cafes, Clubs and Licensed Premises	21	Butchers	4
		Slaughterhouses	1

#### Registered Premises

##### Food & Drugs Act 1955, Section 16

There are in the district 29 premises registered under Section 16 of the Food & Drugs Act 1955, 25 of which are in respect of ice cream premises. 4 are registered for the purpose of the preparation and manufacture of sausages or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food intended for sale.

The registration of the vendors of ice cream is also secured by the Essex County Council Act 1933, Section 158, and the number of persons registered is now 25.

No manufacture of ice cream is carried out in this district.

#### Sampling

One sample of oysters and 3 samples of ice cream were submitted for bacteriological examination and all were found to be satisfactory.

#### Food Complaints

In July I received a complaint that a crop spray had contaminated raspberry and gooseberry bushes in Allotments. Investigations revealed that aerial spraying had been carried out during the previous day on an adjoining field of potatoes and it was evident that the pesticide spray had drifted on to soft fruits and some vegetables. Letters of warning were sent to 48 Allotment Holders advising them of the possible danger of eating any of their produce unless first prepared and washed in accordance with the advice given in the letters.

Samples of the fruits and leaves were taken and despatched for chemical analysis. The chemical report showed that whilst the leaves which had protected the fruits had been subjected to heavy contamination, the fruit had only suffered slightly and was regarded as safe. The occurrence was fully discussed with the persons responsible for the spraying and the Public Analyst, and an assurance was given that the Department would be advised in advance of any future aerial spraying.

No other food complaints were lodged during the year.



## Meat Inspection

The one private slaughterhouse in the district continues to be managed and operated in a satisfactory manner. A sharp reduction in the number of animals slaughtered during the year is noted - 227 compared with 385 in 1962.

On 1st October the new Meat Inspection Regulations became operative and replaced with amendments the 1924 - 1952 Regulations. The main provisions are that, except where the Regulations permit, carcasses of animals slaughtered for sale for human consumption must not be removed from the place of slaughter until inspected, and if passed as fit for human consumption until they have been marked and stamped in a certain prescribed manner. With certain exceptions 24 hours notice of intention to slaughter must be given to the Local Authority in whose area the slaughter will take place. Local Authorities are empowered to charge for meat inspection at rates not exceeding those stipulated in the Regulations. Inspectors are required to carry out on each and every animal prescribed detailed examinations, and circumstances which warrant the condemnation of meat are also defined. It is the duty of each Local Authority to enforce these Regulations.

51 visits were made to the slaughterhouse for the purpose of inspecting post mortem a total of 227 animals.

### Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part

	Cattle exclu- ding						
	<u>Cows</u>	<u>Cows</u>	<u>Calves</u>	<u>Sheep</u>	<u>Pigs</u>	<u>Horses</u>	<u>Total</u>
Number killed (if known)	52	1	3	87	84	-	227
Number inspected	52	1	3	87	84	-	227
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci</u>							
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	1	-	1	-	
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	4	-	-	13	12	-	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	7.7	-	33.3	14.9	15.5	-	
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>							
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	1.2	-	
<u>Cysticercosis</u>							
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Reciprocal arrangements operated with the Maldon Rural District Council for meat inspection during periods of annual leave etc.

### Inspection of Other Foods

The following foodstuffs were surrendered voluntarily by local traders and were disposed of as being unfit for human consumption. Certificates of seizure were issued in each case.

Cooked Ham	-	20 lbs.
Ox Cheek	-	61 lbs.
Canned Corned Beef	-	<u>6</u> lbs.
		87 lbs.

### Slaughtermen

Three persons were licensed as slaughtermen under the provisions of the Slaughter of Animals Act 1958.

### Diseases of Animals (Waste Foods) Order 1957

One licence was granted during 1962 permitting the use of approved equipment for the boiling of waste food for animal feeding purposes.

### COUNCIL HOUSE MANAGEMENT

It is the duty and responsibility of this Department to ensure that all Council houses are properly maintained and supervised. All repairs were carried out by local Contractors but, towards the end of the year, the Council selected one man to be employed full time under my direction on the maintenance of the 232 Council houses. The appointment will take effect from early in January 1964 and, whilst it will be impossible for this person to carry out all repairs, he will be carrying the main burden of the practical repair work.

During the month of February I carried out and completed a survey of all Council houses, primarily to determine their extent of utilisation. Only in two cases were houses found to be legally overcrowded and in both instances the overcrowdings were abated when members of the families married and left. The problem of the under-occupied houses was considered by the Council and it was agreed that transfers of tenancies could be arranged, so that single persons and couples occupying two or three bedroomed houses could exchange, if willing, with tenants having larger families. An under-occupied house is one having rooms surplus to the needs of the resident family. The situation has both advantages and disadvantages and mainly arises due to the natural decline in family members. An extra room is an asset in illness or for the occasional use of visiting relatives and friends. It affords space and seclusion for private pursuits and studies but undoubtedly in some cases it is unwanted and could be a tax on limited resources of strength and income.

In November the Ministry of Housing & Local Government approved, with the aid of Improvement Grants, a scheme for bringing 41 sub standard pre 1945 Council houses into conformity with modern standards. Work commenced before the end of the year to equip 38 of these houses with a wash-hand basin, one house with a hot water system and wash-hand basin and two bungalows with a bathroom, hot water system and wash-hand basin. When this work is completed early in 1964 all Council houses, except 4 scheduled for demolition, will be equipped with the modern standard amenities.

A further 57 properties were redecorated during 1963 and this brings the total number of properties now conforming to the overall colour scheme to 181.

The following statistics show the various defects and items of disrepair which were the subject of complaint or found as a result of inspection:-

Exterior

Roofs repaired	35	
Doors renewed, eased or repaired	50	
Windows eased, repaired or renewed	43	
Chimneys, pots renewed and other repairs	13	
Rainwater guttering and downpipes repaired or renewed	27	
Paths or yards repaired	3	
Gates, posts and fences repaired or renewed	10	
Dustbins renewed	11	
Water Butts renewed	14	
Miscellaneous	<u>10</u>	216

Interior

Rayburn Cookers		
Firebricks renewed in	24	
New bottom grates	7	
Boilers renewed	8	
Miscellaneous repairs	9	
Open Fires		
Firebricks renewed in	11	
New stools and bottom grates supplied	18	
New tiled surrounds	4	
Back boilers repaired or renewed	3	
Miscellaneous repairs	8	
Wall and ceiling plasterwork repaired	9	
Interior doors repaired	6	
Wood flooring and stairs repaired or renewed	5	
Wash boilers repaired or renewed	12	
Cookers repaired or renewed	14	
Faulty gas fittings repaired or renewed	7	
Refrigerators repaired	8	
Electrical fittings repaired, renewed or provided	79	
Miscellaneous	<u>17</u>	<u>249</u>

Carried forward

465



Brought forward

465

Water Supplies

Hot water supply piping repaired or renewed	13	
Cold water supply piping repaired or renewed	31	
Ball valves repaired or renewed to:-		
Water waste Preventers	30	
Storage Tanks	15	
Stopcocks repaired or renewed	25	
Thawing Pipes, Tanks and Cisterns	12	
Taps repaired or renewed	15	
Perished Tap washers renewed	7	
Logging cold water storage systems and pipes	7	
Top covers for water tanks	6	
Hot water cylinders renewed	3	
Hot water cylinders repaired	5	
Cold water storage tanks renewed	2	
Miscellaneous	6	177

Sanitary Facilities

Leaking W.C. joints repaired or renewed	17	
Waste pipes repaired	8	
Waste traps renewed	8	
Soil pipes repaired	4	
Sinks replaced	2	
W.C. Cisterns repaired or renewed	23	
W.C. Pans renewed	13	
W.C. Seats repaired or renewed	12	
Draining boards repaired or renewed	12	
Miscellaneous	5	
Wash-hand basins replaced	2	
Hot water system and wash-hand basin installed	1	
W.C. installed in upstairs bathroom	1	108

750

# APPENDIX I

## ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1963 FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT OF BURNHAM-ON-CROUCH IN THE COUNTY OF ESSEX

### PREScribed PARTICULARS ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1961

#### PART I OF THE ACT

1 - INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	7	4	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	35	43	2	-
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding Outworkers' Premises).	6	4	-	-
Total	48	51	2	-

2 - Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

(If defects are discovered at the premises on two, three or more separate occasions they should be reckoned as two, three or more cases).

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4) By H.M. Inspector (5)		
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)	-	-	-	-	-



APPENDIX I (CONTD.)

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)By H.M. Inspector (5)		
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) Insufficient	1	1	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	1	1	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2	2	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT

OUTWORK

(SECTIONS 110 and 111)

Nature of Work (1)	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of out- workers in August list required by Section 110(1)(c) (2)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council (3)	No. of prose- cutions for failure to supply lists (4)	No. of instances of work in unwhole- some premises (5)	Notices served (6)	Prose- cutions (7)
Wearing apparel	Making etc.	2	-	-	-	-
	Cleaning and Washing	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	2	-	-	-	-

